Teaching date: 8A.....

8 B.....

Period 1: REVISION

I. Objectives: By the end of the lesson, Ss will be able to:

Review all main what they have studied

in the 7^{th} form

- Practice doing some exercises 1.

Knowledge:

a. Vocabulary: Review

b.Grammar: Tenses: Present simple, present progressive; Be going to +V.inf.

2. Competences: Linguistic competence, cooperative learning and communicative competence

3. Qualities: - Love the English subject and use it regularly.

- Proud of the culture and mother tongue.

II. Teaching aids:

- 1 . Materials: Text book
- 2 . Equipment: computer accessed to the Internet,

projector III. Procedure :

1 . Check old lesson: No checking

2 . New lesson

Teacher 's and students ' activities	The main contents	
Activit y 1. Warm up		
Goal: To attract Ss's attention to the lesson and to lead in the new lesson		
T lets students play game: review some vocabularies * Groupwork:		
- Divide the class into two		
teams		
- Time: 7 minutes		
 Each student in each team write a word you have learnt. The team with more and correct words is the winner. 		
Activity 2. Presentation		
Goal: Review some stru ctures they have learnt in class 7		

to use the present tense, past simple tense, future tense. Ss retell and give examples	Tenses. . Present tenses: simple/ nt./ perfect Ex Nam goes to hool everyday. - He is writing a letter. - They have built that house for 3 months. . Past : simple/ cont x My mother bought me a new irt yesterday.
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T asks students to retell the way to	- We were having dinner when Lan
use of the passive voice.	came yesterday.
	3. Future : simple/ cont.
Ss retell and give examples	Ex We will travel to HN next
	weekend.
	- We will be traveling by this time
	next month.
	II. Passive voice.
	1 . Active: Someone does something.
T reviews some main structures	2 . Passive: Something is done (by
Ss listen and remember	agent) Ex The cat eats the mouse.
	=> The mouse is eaten by the cat.
	- Lan does her homework
	everyday.
	=> Lan's homework is done
	everyday.
	III. Main structures.
	1 . although + a clause of
	concession => despite + N-phrase/ V-
	Ex Although he is poor, he is the
	best student in our class.
	=> Despite being poor, he is the best student
	2 . used to + V = usually + V-ed/
	V2 (past habit)
	Ex. My father used to smoke a lot but
	now he isn't any more.
	3 . be/ get + used to + V-ing
	(present habit)

	Ex. Lan is used to getting up early. 4 . Degree of comparisons a. Equality: as As b. Comparative: erthan/ morethan c. Superlative: theest / the most
Activity 3.	Practice
Goal: Help students do exercises ab o	
T gives exercises about tenses and	I. Correct verbs form/ tense
asks students to do it. Ss do exercise	1 . There (be) 3 accidents on this
T corrects	street in the past 3 days.2 . Is this the first time you (visit)
	our beautiful country?
	3 . Scientists (find) cures for many
	illnesses in the last 50 years.
	4 . My uncle's health (improve)
	since he (leave) India.
	5 . I (buy) a new shirt last week but I (not wear) it yet.

T gives exercises about passive voice	6. I (not see) Lan since we (leave)
and asks students to do it.	school.
Ss do exercise	II. Change into passive .
T corrects	1 . She read <u>the letter</u> many times
	last night.
	2 . Hoa met <u>Tim</u> at the market
	yesterday.
	3 . She didn't introduce <u>me</u> to her
	mother.
	4 . My father planted <u>this tree.</u>
	5 . Thu helped <u>him</u> do his
	homework. 6 . They didn't invite <u>me</u>
	to the birthday party.
	7 . they built <u>that house</u> in 1972
	8 . Mr. Smith has taught us French
T asks students to rewrite the	for two year.
sentences.	9 . They didn't look after the
Ss do exercises	children properly.
T corrects	10 . Nobody swept this street last
	week. III. Rewrite sentences with:
	although/ despite
	1 . She felt sick. She went to work.
	(though)
	\Rightarrow
	2 . I was really tired. I couldn't
	sleep.
	(even though)
	3 . He is very rich. He isn't happy.
	(although)
	4 . She couldn't answer the
	question. She
	is very intelligent. (though)
	5 . He tried. He was not successful.
	(though)
	6 . His life is hard. He determined
* Homowork	to study well. =>

* Homework

- Review all by yourself.

- Prepare: Unit 1. Getting

started

Date of teaching: 8A.....

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UNIT 1 - LEISURE ACTIVITIES Period 2: GETTING STARTED

I. Objectives: By the end of the lesson, students will be able to:

- Extend and practise vocabulary related to the topic" leisure activities".

- Interact a conversation about different leisure activities.

- Express their own leisure activities.

1. Knowledge :

a.Vocabulary: vocabulary related to leisure activities.

b. Structure: Verbs of liking + gerund/ to-infi.

2. Competences: Linguistic competence, cooperative learning and communicative competence.

3 . Qualities: Express their own leisure activities happily.

II. Teaching aids:

- 1 . Materials: Text book, plan
- 2 . Equipment: computer accessed to the Internet, projector, loudspeaker III. Procedures:
- 1 . Checkup attendance.
- 2 . Checkup the old lesson
- 3 . New lesson

Teacher 's and students ' activities	The main contents
•	Warm up. e lesson and to lead in the new lesson
 T writes the words LEISURE ACTIVITIES on the board. Work groups: + Divide the class into two teams. + Ask students in each team take turn to write their hobbies on board. + The team 	* Brainstorming. cycling LEISURE ACTIVITIES

 with more and correct words is the winner. T introduces the lesson about the leisure activities. 	

Activity 7	Presentation	
Activity 2. Presentation Goal: Ss can know some voc abulary words in the convesatior		
 T asks some questions about picture. + Where are Phuc, Mai, and Nick? + Where are they doing? + What are they holding in their hands? + What are they talking about? + Can you guess what Mai, Phuc and Nick like doing in their free time? 		
 Ss answer the questions - T plays the recording. Ss listen to the tape (twice) and then check the guessing. T gives some newwords Ss read in chorus and individually And copy all the words. 	 * Vocabulary. to check out: kiểm tra lại a trick: thủ thuật, mẹo a craft kit: bộ đồ nghề làm thủ công savings: tiền tiết kiệm - button: cúc áo, khuy * Grammar. I love to watch him. I love watching him. 	
- T reviews Verbs of liking + gerund/ to-infi.		
Activity 3. Practice		

Goal: Ss can understand and answ er the questions about conversation

	Ex a: Circle the correct answer		
 T asks Ss to work individually to circle the correct answer; compare their answer with a partner and then explain their choice. T gives the correct answers on the screen. 	 * Keys 1 . bookstore 2. book 3 . dog 4. craft kit 5 . folk music 6. Vietnamese Ex b. Tick the boxes the leisure activities Mai, Phuc & Nick have 		
- T asks Ss to tick the boxes the leisure activities Mai, Phuc & Nick have - Ss tick and find the information from the	Ph N Muc		
	Pet training x		
conversation to explain their choice.	Making crafts x		

- Have Ss do this task individually first, then compare the answers with their partner. They should be able to give ideals from the text that support their answers.

Reading	X		X
Listening to music			X
Playing sports	X		X
Helping parents with DIY projects	X	X	
Learning languages			X

Activity 4. Fu rther practice.

Goal: Ss can desribe the photos about 1 eisure activities and complete the correct adjectives to describe some leisure activities

 T asks Ss to work in pairs to match the words/ phrases in the box to the photos, then listen to check their answers. T asks Ss to look at the picture and describe the photos Eg: 1. He is playing computer games - Ss look at the picture and describe the photos. 	 2 . Find words or phrases in the box to describe the photos. Then listen to check the answers. Key: 1 . playing computer games 2 . playing beach games 3 . doing DIY 4 . texting 5 . visiting museum 6 . making crafts
- Ss work individually to do the task then compare their answers with a partner. Tell Ss they need to look for the surrounding key words in order to complete the task. Note that 'good' and 'satisfied' fit both items 1 and 5.	 3 . Complete the sentences 1. satisfied 2 . relaxing/ exciting 3 . fun 4 . boring 5 . good

Activity 5. Production

Goal: Ss can talk about leisure a ctivities and share feelings about them

+ Work individually	Game: Changing partner.
 T asks Ss to describe the leisure activity and give the reason why they like them + Work in groups (6 groups) Time: 1minute Ask each member will talk about one activity. The group which describe more activity is the winner. 	Eg: I like reading book in my free time. Because reading book helps me improve my knowledge and know what happening in our country or over the world.

* Homework

- Talk bout your leisure activity

- Learn new words/ workbook: B1, 2, 3

- Prepare for the next lesson : A closer look 1

Date of teaching: 8A.....

8 B.....

UNIT 1 - LEISURE ACTIVITIES *Period 3:* A CLOSER LOOK 1

I. Objectives: By the end of the lesson students will be able to:

- Practise vocabulary related to the topic" leisure activities".

- Talk about leisure activities

- Practise how to pronounce the clusters / *br* / and / *pr* /.

1. Knowledge :

a. Vocabulary: vocabulary related to leisure activities.

b. Pronunciation: / br / and / pr /

2. Competences: Linguistic competence, cooperative learning and communicative competence.

3. Qualities: Express their own leisure activities happily.

II. Teaching aids:

1. Materials: Text book, plan

2. Equipment: computer accessed to the Internet, projector, loudspeaker **III. Procedures:**

1. Checkup attendance.

- 2 . Checkup the old lesson
- 3 . New lesson

Teacher 's and students '	The main contents
activities	

Activity 1 . Warm up.

Goal: To attract Ss's attention to the lesson and to lead in the new lesson

Work groups
- Work groups:
+ Divide the class into two teams.
+ Time: 3 minutes
+ Ask students in each team to
take turn to talk about leisure
activities. + The team with more
and correct activities is the winner.

Activity 2. Presentation.Goal: Ss can pronounce correctly the clusters / br/ and / pr /. And knowsome leisure activities in the US.	
T has Ss work individually to complete this task. Once they have finished. Ss work in pairs to compare their answers. T plays the recording for Ss to check and then repeat. Pause the recording to drill difficult items. T asks Ss to add more words which contain these cluster. Call Ss to make sentences with these words and practice saying them. T has Ss practice the words with the clusters first. Then ask them to repeat the whole sentences. T focuses students on studying the pie chart of leisure time on an average day then answer some questions: + What is the pie chart about? + Where can you find the information? + What do the different colors sections of the chart refer to?	1. Pronunciation Ex1. Listenand complete. Auto script: 1 . Apricot 2 . Bridge 3 . Bracelet 4 . Bread 5 . princess 6 . President 7 . President 8 . broccoli Ex 2. Listen and repeat. 2. Vocabulary Ex1. Look at the following pie chart and answer the questions.
 of the chart refer to? + How are these sections calculated? + What does the note tell you? + What are the source tell you? Ss: Answer 	