TUYỂN TẬP ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ II MÔN TIẾNG ANH (LỚP 9) CÓ LỜI GIẢI

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KÌ II

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO 01

THỜI GIAN LÀM BÀI: 50 PHÚT

Thí sinh làm bài trên đề

I. Listening: (2.0pts)

*Part 1: Listen t	to Kiko giving advice on	how to learn vocabi	ulary effectively. Listen and circle
the best answer.			
1. What should le	earners base on to guess th	e meaning of new w	ords?
A. context	B. contact	C. text	D. test
2. How many tir	nes of repetitions is requir	red to memorize a ne	w word, according to the research?
A. from 5 to 10	B. from 10 to 15	C. from 10 to 20	D. from 20 to 25
3. On what shou	ld new words be written d	lown for later review	?
A. card	B. notebook	C. tablet	D. index card
4. What could be	e activated by saying new	words loud?	
A. memory	B. auditory memory	C. brain	D. body
PART 2. You wi	ill hear a man asking for	some information a	about a language school. Listen and
complete the quo	estions 1-4.		
	SCHOOL	OF ITALIAN STU	DIES
Length of courses	: 6 or 9 months		
Next course begin	ns on: (1)		
Number of studer	nts in each class (2)		
Cost of the course	e: (3)		
School hours: Mo	onday to Friday: From 8 a	.m to 7 p.m	
Nearest undergro	und station: (4)		
II. Multiple choi	ice: (2.5pts)		
1. Louis is vi	irtually bilingual	Dutch and Germa	an.
A. on	B. in	C. for	D. with
2. Pronuncia	tion: Circle the word that	has the underlined pa	art is pronounced different from
others			
A. <u>e</u> xplore	B. <u>e</u> nvironment	C. resort	D. <u>e</u> xpedition
3. It takes on	e year for Earth to	the Sun.	
A. orbit	B. land	C. launch	D. train

4. I can speak both English and French perfectly. I'm a____

5. What does the text say?					
Becky,	Mum is writing to				
Don't forget your aunt Jane's coming to	A. tell Becky to stay at home to see her aunt.				
stay tonight, so can you make sure the house is neat when you go out this	B. ask Becky to tidy the house before she leaves.				
afternoon? Mum	C. remind Becky to go to her aunt's house.				
TVIGHT	D. ask Becky to look after the house when her				
	mother is at work.				
6. By the time Laika the first	astronaut dog, fruit flies into space.				
A. became- had launched C. had	l become-launched				
B. became-launched D. bec	came-had been launched				
7. They could understand our conversation	if theysome English.				
A. will know B. know	C. knew D. would know				
8. Albert Einstein, was such a bril	liant scientist, introduced the theory of relativity.				
A. who B. whose	C. whom D. that				
9. "Do you think we will travel to Mars in	15 years?"				
" But there's positive signs."					
A. I'm not so sure. C. Sounds interesting!					
B. It's wonderful.	D. Yes, why not?				
10. Find error: My aunt and uncle <u>love</u> <u>sun</u>	! They stay in the UK in summer and visit friends in				
Australia in winter.					
A. love B. sun	C. the D. Australia				
III. Reading: (2.5pts)					
❖ Part A: Choose the word or phrase an	nong A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in				
the following passage.					
The (1) of parental authority has	changed. Today, no parent can take their children's				
respect for granted: authority has to be earned.	Several studies have shown the following problems.				
Trust: A lot of young people say their parents of	lon't trust them. Some of them have no privacy: their				
parents read all their emails, and enter their	rooms (2) knocking. All of these actions				
demonstrate lack of respect. (3), these	teenagers have little respect for their parents.				
Communication: Hardly any teens discuss their problems with their parents. That's because very					
few teens feel their parents really listen to then	n. Instead, most parents tend to fire off an immediate				

C. teacher

D. tourist

B. bilingual

A. businessman

response to their kid's first sentence.

Freedom: Interesting	ly. Most rebels con	ne from very authorit	arian homes where kids have very
little freedom. Teens nee	d (4) rule	es but they have to b	e clear and unchangeable. Also, it
the mother and father don	ı't agree about disci	pline, teens have less	respect for both parents. They also
need a lot of support an	d a little freedom	to take their own de	ecisions. None of them enjoy just
listening to adults			
Role models: Teens	don't have much re	espect for their paren	ts if neither of them actually does
things (5) they	expect their childre	n to do. Like everyb	ody, teens appreciate people who
practice what they reach.			
1. A. provision	B. concept	C. breadwinner	D. applicant
2. A. in	B. during	C. with	D. without
3. A. Consequently	B. So	C. However	D. Moreover
4. A. more	B. less	C. fewer	D. little
5. A. who	B. that	C. whom	D. where
❖ Part B: Read the	passage carefully a	and choose the corre	ct answer.
Every year, students	s in many countri	es learn English. So	ome of these students are young
children. Others are teena	agers. Many are adu	lts. Some learn at sch	ool, others study by themselves. A
few learn English just by	hearing the langua	age in films, on telev	ision, in the office or among their
friends. But not many ar	e lucky enough to	do that. Most people	e must work hard to learn another
language.			
Many boys and girls learn	n English at school	because it is one of the	neir subjects. They study their owr
language, mathematics, a	nd English. In Eng	land, America, or Au	stralia, many boys and girls study
their native language, w	hich is English, m	athematics, and anot	her language, perhaps French, or
German or Spanish.			
Many adults learn En	iglish because it is t	seful for their work.	Teenagers often learn English for
their higher studies, becau	use some of their bo	ooks are in English at	college or university. Others learn
English because they wan	nt to read newspaper	rs or magazines in En	glish.
1. Many adults learn	English because	·	
A. most of their bo	ooks are in English	B. it help	os them in their work
C. English is spoke	en in their office	D.they v	vant to go abroad
2. According to the w	vriter		
A. English is usefu	al only for teenagers	B. Engli	sh is popular all over the world
C only adults lear	n English	D no ch	ildren like to learn English

3. In America or Australia many school children study ______.

	A. such foreign languages as French, German, and Spanish							
	B. their own language and no foreign language							
	C. English as a foreign language							
	D. English and mathematics only							
4.	Most people learn English by							
	A. hearing the languages in the office	B. talking with foreigners						
	C. watching videos only	D.working hard on their lessons						
5.	Many boys and girls learn English because	·						
	A. they are forced to learn it	B. they have to study their own languages						
	C. it is included in their study courses	D. English can give them a job						
IV. D	o as directed: (3.0pts)							
1.	We don't go on a holiday because we don't have	enough money.						
	(Rewrite the sentence, using conditional type 2)							
\Rightarrow	> If							
2.	. Students will take courses at their own pace. (Rewrite the sentence, using future passive)							
\Rightarrow	Courses							
3.	Teenagers/ become/ more independent/ responsible/than/ parents/future. (Complete the sentence)							
\Rightarrow								
4.	Do you know the boy? The boy has just won a big prize in English speaking contest.							
	(Combine the sentences using a relative pronou	n)						
\Rightarrow								
5.	Write a paragrap (50- 60 words) about some ti	ps for learning English well.						

ĐÁP ÁN KIỂM TRA HỌC KÌ II MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9 THỜI GIAN LÀM BÀI: 50 PHÚT

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO

I. Listening: (2.0pts) *Part 1: Listen to Kiko giving advice on how to learn vocabulary effectively. Listen and circle the best answer. 1. What should learners base on to guess the meaning of new words? A. context B. contact C. text D. test 2. How many times of repetitions is required to memorize a new word, according to the research? A. from 5 to 10 B. from 10 to 15 C. from 10 to 20 D. from 20 to 25 3. On what should new words be written down for later review? B. notebook C. tablet D. index card A. card 4. What could be activated by saying new words loud? **B.** auditory memory A. memory D. body PART 2. You will hear a man asking for some information about a language school. Listen and complete the questions 1-4. SCHOOL OF ITALIAN STUDIES Length of course: 6 or 9 months Next course begins on: (1) **next Monday** Number of students in each class (2) about 15 students Cost of the course: (3) **£ 12.99** School hours: Monday to Friday: From 8 a.m to 7 p.m Nearest underground station: (4) Green Park II. Multiple choice: (2.5pts) 1. Louis is virtually bilingual _____Dutch and German. C. for D. with B. in 2. Pronunciation: Circle the word that has the underlined part is pronounced different from others A. **e**xplore B. environment C. resort D. expedition 3. It takes one year for Earth to _____ the Sun. C. launch A. orbit B. land D. train 4. I can speak both English and French perfectly. I'm a A. businessman B. bilingual C. teacher D. tourist 5. What does the text say? Mum is writing to Becky, Don't forget your aunt Jane's coming to A. tell Becky to stay at home to see her aunt. stay tonight, so can you make sure the B. ask Becky to tidy the house before she leaves. house is neat when you go out this C. remind Becky to go to her aunt's house. afternoon? D. ask Becky to look after the house when her Mum mother is at work. 6. By the time Laika _____ the first astronaut dog, fruit flies ____ into space. A. became- had launched C. had become-launched B. became-launched D. became-had been launched 7. They could understand our conversation if they_____some English. C. knew A. will know B. know D. would know

8. Albert Einstein, _____ was such a brilliant scientist, introduced the theory of relativity.

C. whom

D. that

B. whose

9. "Do you think we will travel to Mars in 15 years?"

A. who

		But there	e's positive sign	ns."			
	A. I'm	not so sure		C. Sounds interes	iting!		
B. It's wonderful.				D. Yes, why not?	D. Yes, why not?		
10	. Find erro	or: My aun	t and uncle <u>lov</u>	e(A) sun(B)! They stay i	n the (C) UK in summer and visit		
			(D) in winter.	•			
	A. love		B. sun	C. the	D. Australia		
III. R	eading: ((2.5pts)					
			e word or phr	ase among A, B, C or D	that best fits the blank space in		
		wing pass		3 / /	•		
respective Trust:	et for grand A lot of a served a constrate lack	nted: author young peop Il their em ck of respec ation: Hard	ole say their parails, and enterect. (3)	arned. Several studies have arents don't trust them. So their rooms (2), these teenagers have littiscuss their problems with	no parent can take their children's e shown the following problems. ome of them have no privacy: their knocking. All of these actions le respect for their parents. In their parents. That's because very rents tend to fire off an immediate		
		ir kid's firs	-	, 1			
				come from very authorit	arian homes where kids have very		
		_	•	•	e clear and unchangeable. Also, if		
					respect for both parents. They also		
			•	•	ecisions. None of them enjoy just		
	ng to adu						
R	ole mode	ls: Teens d	lon't have muc	ch respect for their paren	ts if neither of them actually does		
things	(5)	they e	xpect their ch	ildren to do. Like everyb	ody, teens appreciate people who		
practi	ce what th	ney reach.					
1.	A. provi	sion	B. concept	C. breadwinner	D. applicant		
2.	A. in		B. during	C. with	D. without		
3.		equently	_	C. However	D. Moreover		
	A. more			C. fewer	D. little		
				C. whom	D. where		
				illy and choose the corre			
		-		•	ome of these students are young		
					ool, others study by themselves. A		
					ision, in the office or among their		
	_		-		e must work hard to learn another		
		n many are	rucky enough	i to do that. Wost people	must work hard to learn another		
langua	_	Lairle laarn	English at sch	ool because it is one of th	neir subjects. They study their own		
-	-	-	-		stralia, many boys and girls study		
_	_		_	_	her language, perhaps French, or		
	an or Spa		iicii is Eligiisi	i, maniematics, and anot	ner language, pernaps Prenen, or		
	•		alich bacauca i	tic usaful for thair work	Teenagers often learn English for		
	-				college or university. Others learn		
	-			apers or magazines in En	•		
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1.			oks are in Engl				
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		A. English is useful only for teenagers
		B. English is popular all over the world
		C. only adults learn English
		D. no children like to learn English
	3.	In America or Australia many school children study
		A. such foreign languages as French, German, and Spanish
		B. their own language and no foreign language
		C. English as a foreign language
		D. English and mathematics only
	4.	Most people learn English by
		A. hearing the languages in the office
		B. talking with foreigners
		C. watching videos only
		D.working hard on their lessons
	5.	Many boys and girls learn English because
		A. they are forced to learn it
		B. they have to study their own languages
		C. it is included in their study courses
		D. English can give them a job
IV	. De	o as directed: (3.0pts)
		e don't go on a holiday because we don't have enough money.
		(Rewrite the sentence, using conditional sentence type 1)
	\rightarrow	If we had enough money, we would go on a holiday.
2.		idents will take courses at their own pace. (Rewrite the sentence, using future passive)
		Courses will be taken at their own pace by students.
	3.	Teenagers/ become/ more independent/ responsible/than/ parents/future. (Complete the sentence)
	\rightarrow	Teenagers will become more independent and responsible than their parents.
	4.	Do you know the boy? The boy has just won a big prize in English speaking contest. (Combine the sentences using relative clause)
	\rightarrow	Do you know the boy who/that has just won a big prize in English speaking contest?
	5.	Write a paragrap (50- 60 words) about some tips for learning English well.
		(Sts' work)

TRANSCRIPT

PART 1:

Hi everybody. I'm Kiko from Japan. I am studying English for 5 years, I love it. And I have some suggestions for those who want to improve vocabulary.

First, most vocabulary words are learned from context. The more words you're exposed to, the better vocabulary you will have. While you read, payclose attention to words you don't know. Then look the new words up. Read and listen to challenging materials so that you'll be exposed to many new words.

Learning a word won't help very much if you promptly forget it. Research shows that it takes from 10 to 20 repetitions to really make a word part of your vocabulary. It helps to write the wordboth the definition and a sentence you make up using the word- perhaps on an index card that can later be reviewed. As soon as you learn a new word, start using it. Review your index cards periodically to see if you have forgotten any of your new words. Also, do a search on a word using webpage dejanews.com (for searching newsgroups) to get many examples of how the word is actually used. That's D-E-J-A-N-E-W-S. COM

Finally, you really should make up as many associations and connections as possible. Say the word aloud to activate your auditory memory. Relate the word to words you already know

PART 2:

Woman: Hello, school of Italian Studies

Man: Hello, I saw your advertisement in a newspaper. Can you give me some information, please?

Woman: Yes, of course. What would you like to know?

Man: Well, first, how long are the courses?

Woman: They/re six or nine months long and the next courses begin next Monday.

Man: How many students will there be in the class? Not too many, I hope.

Woman: Usually, there are about 15. We find that a good number

Man: OK. Now, I saw the price of the course in the newspaper, but I will have to pay for anything else?

Woman: Only for the course book, which costs twelve pounds ninety-nine.

Man: I see. When can I come and pay?

Woman: Well, the school is opened eight a.m to seven p.m Monday to Friday and on Saturday from

Man: OK. And one more question- what's the nearest underground station to your school?

Woman: It's Green Park.

Man: Green Park. I see. Well, thank you very much. Goodbye.

Woman: Goodbye.

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KÌ II MÔN: TIẾNG ANH – LỚP 9

Thời gian làm bài: 50 phút

ĐỀ THAM KHẢO 02

I. Listening: (2pts)

<u>Part 1:</u> Listen to Grace telling a friend about a hotel. Listen and mark the letter A, B, or C to indicate the correct answer to the following sentences. You will listen to the recording TWICE. (1pt)

1.Where is the hotel?		
A.in a town	B. on a mountain	C. near the sea.
2. What could Grace d	o at the hotel ?	
A .play golf.	B play tennis.	C use the swimming pool.
3. What was there in G	race's room?	
A a fridge.	B a video player	C. a coffee machine.
4.In the restaurant, Gra	ace had	
A. too few vegetable	B. a lot of fried food	C. chips with every meal.
Part 2. You will hear a	a conversation about a ho	oliday English course. Listen carefully o

Part 2. You will hear a conversation about a holiday English course. Listen carefully and fill in the blank, You will hear the recording TWICE. (1pt)

HOLIDAY ENGLISH COURSE

Place: Oxford

Students must be:	1	13/ thirteen years old and more
Starting date:	2	July
Students stay with:	3	English
Price of course:	4	$oldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$
College in:	5	street

II. Multiple choice (2,5pts)

1.	Choose the	word which	has a	different stress	pattern	from	the	others

- A. vacation B. delicious C. excursion D. holiday
- **2.** If she sold her car, she____ much money.